Visualizing History

Creating a Framework for Historical Interpretation (p. 164, *Engagement in Teaching History*, by Frederick D. Drake and Lynn R. Nelson)

Process: Have students take out a sheet of paper and answer the following basic questions about a photograph:

- List three adjectives that describe the individuals/objects/events in this photograph.
- What does this photograph tell you about these people's lives?
- When do you think this photograph was taken?
- Why do you think this photograph was taken?
- What title would you give this photograph?
- People, Space and Time (pgs. 176-178, *Engagement in Teaching History*, by Frederick D. Drake and Lynn R. Nelson) Process: Have your students take out a sheet of paper and examine an image (portrait). Have them answer the following questions:
 - Was this person living east or west of the Appalachian Mountains? (history, geography)
 - Speculate on three present-day cities where this person may have lived. (geography, history, economics)
 - Was this portrait painted before or after the Civil War? (history time)
 - Speculate a century and a decade when the portrait was made. (history time)
 - Write down five adjectives to describe this person and/or this person's way of living. (history, economics, geography)
 - Speculate as to the motives of the creator of this portrait. (history)
 - What title would you give this portrait?
- Similarities/Differences (pgs. 178-179, *Engagement in Teaching History*, by Frederick D. Drake and Lynn R. Nelson) Process: This is a think-pair-share activity. Display two images that students can compare (two buildings, two portraits, two groups of people, two landscapes, etc.). Have the students take out a sheet of paper.
 - *Think*: On a sheet of paper, have students identify three characteristics that similar and three characteristics that are different between the two images. Give them one minute to do each task.
 - *Pair*: Students exchange their findings with another student for one minute.
 - Share: Call on students at random to share their comparative findings.
 - Relate findings to the theme, era or period of history you are studying.
 - **Quadrant/Hemisphere Analysis** (pgs.179-181, *Engagement in Teaching History*, by Frederick D. Drake and Lynn R. Nelson)

Process: The focus is on observation in this form of analysis.

- Display an image. Tell students they have 20 seconds to remember what they see in the photograph. Cover the photograph. Ask them to write down what they observed. On a chalk/white board or large piece of paper, write down their observations.
- Divide the image into four quadrants or two halves. Reveal a quadrant or half at a time. Students have 30 seconds to write down the objects, people, landscape, etc. in this section of the photograph/painting. Repeat the procedure until the students have viewed the entire photograph/painting.
- Ask students to pair and share the details they observed in each section.
- Then ask the students to answer the following questions:
 - Where was this photograph taken?
 - When was this photograph taken?
 - What does this photograph tell us about people's lives?
 - What were the motivations of the photographer?
 - Relate the students' findings to the theme, era or period of history you are studying.
- Visual Art Analysis Guide (Hutchinson)
- National Archives Guides (<u>http://www.archives.gov/education/lessons/worksheets/</u>)